

1942

## Annual Report, Bangor, Maine: 1942

City of Bangor, Maine

*ANNUAL REPORT*  
OF THE  
*CITY MANAGER*



BANGOR, MAINE

1942

*ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT*

OF THE CITY OF

*BANGOR, MAINE*

UNDER COUNCIL-MANAGER GOVERNMENT





## City of Bangor

Situated at the head of navigation, on the sunny side of the Penobscot River, about 60 miles inland from the Atlantic Ocean.

Visited by Champlain in 1604; settled by first white man in 1769; incorporated a town in 1791 and a city in 1834.

Bangor is the financial, commercial and industrial center for all eastern and northern Maine, having banks and branches with resources of 73 million dollars; wholesale establishments with distribution value of more than 20 million dollars and payrolls of 1½ million; retail distribution value of more than 20 million and payrolls of 2½ million; and manufacturing value of 6 million with payrolls of 1 million.

Bangor is a port of entry for foreign and coastwise shipping, receiving last year by water more than 17 million gallons of oil products, 25 thousand tons of coal, 40 thousand cars of pulpwood, and other commodities.

Bangor is the headquarters of the Bangor and Aroostook Railroad, and a divisional point of the Boston and Maine Railroad; a commercial and military airport is located here, and bus lines radiate from this center to interstate and intrastate destinations.

Bangor is the social, cultural and educational center of this whole area, having 19 churches representing many different religious denominations; 4 theaters; 3 first class and 12 smaller hotels; and 5 libraries, including the outstanding Bangor Public Library. The Bangor Theological Seminary, Bangor Society of Art, Northern Conservatory of Music, and 3 business colleges are well established institutions, while Orono, only 8 miles from Bangor, is the home of the University of Maine. Bangor High School, John Bapst High School, 2 Junior High Schools, 7 consolidated grade schools and 2 parochial schools, make up the remainder of our educational institutions.

Bangor, with an area of 32.3 square miles, has a density of population of 923 persons per square mile, with a total population of 29,822 (1940 census). 26,929 were natives and 2,893 foreign born with 1,300 of the latter naturalized.



## MUNICIPAL DIRECTORY — 1942

### — Officials elected by the people —

#### CITY COUNCIL

Term of 3 years

Frank O. Youngs, Chairman

Terms expire January, 1943

Louis F. Fleming  
James W. Palmer  
Frank O. Youngs

Terms expire January, 1944

Curtis M. Hutchins  
Carus T. Spear  
Warren York

Terms expire January, 1945

William A. Curran  
Harold E. Kelleher  
Dr. Henry C. Knowlton

#### Bridge District Trustees

Term of 5 years

Walter S. Allen, Chairman,	Term expires January, 1946
William Hilton	Term expires January, 1943
Garrett T. Speirs	Term expires January, 1944
James E. Mitchell	Term expires January, 1945
Charles H. Thompson	Term expires January, 1947

### — Officials appointed by the City Council for fixed periods —

#### School Committee

Term of 3 years

Ernest F. Jones, Chairman

Terms expire January, 1943

Gertrude B. Newman  
Karl R. Philbrick

Terms expire January, 1944

Abraham M. Rudman  
Dr. Martyn A. Vickers

Term expires January, 1945

Ernest F. Jones

### Water Board

Frank O. Youngs, Chairman ex-officio\*

Carus T. Spear                   "                   "                   \*

#### Term of 3 years

Terms expire January, 1943

Horace A. Hilton

Clifford Patch

Terms expire January, 1944

Grover C. Bradford

Dr. Herbert E. Thompson

#### Terms expire January, 1945

Dr. Albert W. Fellows

Charles E. Gilbert

### Municipal Board of Child Welfare

#### Term of 3 years

Ethel F. Flagg,           Term expires January, 1943

Esther Baldwin,       Term expires January, 1944

Marie O. Finley,       Term expires January, 1945

### Trustees of Hersey Fund

#### Term of 6 years

William F. Curran,           Term expires January, 1943

Donald S. Higgins,       Term expires January, 1945

Dr. Warren J. Moulton,   Term expires January, 1947

Ralph Whittier,           Term expires January, 1947

City Treasurer, ex-officio

### Trustees of Sophia Kirstein Student Loan Fund

#### Term of 6 years

Abraham M. Rudman,   Term expires January, 1943

Arthur Smith,           Term expires January, 1945

Wilfred A. Finnegan,   Term expires January, 1945

Robert N. Haskell,     Term expires January, 1947

Superintendent of Schools, ex-officio

\* Part of Year

## Board of Zoning Appeals

### Term of 3 years

James E. Mitchell, Chairman,	Term expires January, 1943
Donald J. Eames,	Term expires January, 1944
David W. Fuller,	Term expires *
Lawrence V. Jones,	Term expires January, 1945*

## Board of Assessors

### Term of 3 years

William J. Largay, Chairman,	Term expires January, 1943
Louis F. Larsen,	Term expires January, 1944
Daniel F. Kennedy,	Term expires January, 1945

## Board of Registration of Voters

### Appointed by the Governor for term of 4 years

Frank H. Prilay, Chairman, Term expires January, 1944

### Appointed by the City Council for term of 3 years

Patrick J. McNamara,	Term expires May, 1944
Edith R. Rudman,	*
Marie J. Finley,	Term expires May, 1944*

### Appointed by Municipal Officers for term of 3 years

#### Health Officer

Dr. Harry D. McNeil, Term expires October, 1944

### Appointed by Municipal Officers for indefinite term

#### Sealer of Weights and Measures

Bernard C. Constantine



## Appointed by the City Council to hold office during the pleasure of appointing power

### Civil Service Commission

Dr. W. Merritt Emerson, Chairman	Walter M. Hunt*
Harry Homans	William R. Ballou*
* Part of Year	
City Manager.....	Frederick D. Farnsworth
City Clerk.....	Archie R. Lovett
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes.....	Ralph L. Waymouth
City Auditor.....	Lillian D. Coffin
City Solicitor.....	Benjamin W. Blanchard

## Appointed by the City Manager and approved by the City Council to hold office during the pleasure of the appointing power

Chief of Police.....	Thomas I. Crowley
Chief of Fire Department.....	Herbert P. Constantine
City Engineer.....	Frederick D. Farnsworth
Secretary to Overseers of Poor.....	Cornelius W. Frost*
	Ruth S. Lord*
Purchasing Agent.....	Lawrence B. Eddy
City Electrician.....	Murray D. Gallupe
Superintendent of Almshouse.....	Charles H. Newell
City Physician.....	Dr. Allison K. Hill
Building Inspector.....	James M. Walsh
Milk Inspector.....	Dr. Harry D. McNeil
Harbor Master.....	Wentworth N. Freese
Superintendent of Clocks.....	Sidney E. Noyes
City Missionary.....	Jennie M. Johnson

### Cemetery Board

Malcolm S. Hayes

Frank McKenney

James L. MacLeod

### Appointed by Superintending School Committee

Superintendent of Schools.....	Arthur E. Pierce
School Agent.....	Harry R. Williams
Attendance Officer.....	Ellery T. Ricker*
	Myrtle C. Tandy*

\* Part of Year

### Appointed by Water Board

Superintendent .....	Albert W. Read
Assistant Superintendent.....	Donald P. Johnston

### Appointed by Health Officer for indefinite term

Plumbing Inspector.....	J. Edward Friend
Inspector of Public Eating and Drinking Places.....	Frank J. Murray



## RECOMMENDATIONS



### PLANNING

In my annual report for 1941, I recommended the establishment of a Planning Board and the appointment of its personnel. That report states: "There is need in Bangor for scientific planning in the fields of Recreation, Social Services, Safety . . ." Referring to the post-war period, the report further states: "It will be then that a City Planning Board, already organized and functioning and coordinating with the larger boards, can render the city valuable service, as well as in the nearer future."

As there appeared to be no public support for the recommendation, the City Council has taken no action.

Now, in the short period of less than a year, it has been amply demonstrated how necessary a planning board is. A widespread demand has arisen for a broader and more highly organized recreational program. This demand has come from a number of interested citizens, representing various organized groups, but there has been no established agency of the city government outside the City Council to receive these demands. The council meets regularly but twice a month, and, being engrossed with many other matters, simply cannot devote the time and study to any such individual project that is necessary before official action is taken.

A properly selected planning board could and would have held meetings for discussion by representatives of interested groups, collected and correlated pertinent data, and, in an advisory capacity, submitted a detailed and comprehensive report to the City Council for intelligent action thereupon.



May I again respectfully recommend that a planning board be set up in this city, in order that the future activities and growth of the city be proceeded with along the orderly, constructive and truly economical lines of a planned pattern.

## CIVIL SERVICE

Last year I recommended the adoption of civil service for all city officials and employees, employed on a full time basis, over whom the city council has control either directly or through the city manager. A bill was prepared for presentation to the State Legislature, but the lack of public interest and support made it seem inadvisable to present it.

Under the provisions of our city charter, officials and employees, except those whose terms are specified, "shall hold office during the pleasure of the appointing power." In other words, they hold office from day to day only, which has created a profound sense of insecurity, emphasized by existing conditions. Many of our best qualified people, particularly those in the public works department, have left the city employ, and many more will likely do so. The city cannot hope to compete with private industry or the national government agencies in salary and wage standards, therefore some other incentive must be offered. Such a thing as a career in our city government administration now seems hopeless.

Civil service does not provide for perpetuation in office regardless of fitness. On the other hand, it does set up and maintain a standard of fitness, and, acting as a personnel board, which our established civil service commission does, it provides for charges being preferred and a hearing held before anyone can be removed from office. By this provision, the unfit are removed from office for proven cause, while the qualified and fit are retained in office, thus providing security for those deserving security.

## CITY COUNCIL

The Bangor City Council consists of nine members who serve without pay. Three members are elected each year for a term of three years.

There is a growing belief that this council is too large, and that the members should receive compensation for their services. Certainly a large council is more likely to become divided into political

groups than a small one, and political opposition is entirely unnecessary in such a body as a city council which is not truly legislative, is not sovereign, and has no power to enact laws. Busy men are usually the most capable men, and for busy men to give considerable time to city affairs often entails considerable financial sacrifice. A fair compensation is reasonable and proper. In such matters it is well to be guided by the experience of other cities.

There are just fifty other council-manager cities in the United States in our population group,—that is, between 25,000 and 50,000. In all these, there are only two as small as Bangor which have as many as nine council members. Forty-one have from two to seven, with an average of 5.6, and the other seven with nine or more, are all considerably larger than this city. In the matter of compensation, thirty-nine out of the total of fifty pay salaries to the members of their city councils, ranging from \$60.00 to \$1,800.00 per year, with an average of \$541.00.

Such a change would require a charter amendment by the State Legislature, either in special or regular session. In the meantime these statistics are submitted for information.

### Shade and Ornamental Trees

The problem of controlling insect infestation in our shade and ornamental trees in the city is becoming increasingly difficult.

An insect control campaign is carried out in the city owned trees beginning in the late winter by treating all egg clusters found on the trees. This is followed up by spraying when the leaves are partly grown and the insects small, and later when the insects are full grown but before they drop to the ground for hibernation. Tree wounds are treated also to prevent the development of the fungus spore.

The city forestry division can only do this work on city owned trees, thus it is apparent that adequate control is impossible unless all privately owned trees are treated also. While many privately owned trees are treated, there are many more that are not.

I trust that all owners of trees on private property will realize the imperative need of having this work done. All our sugar maples now seem doomed, owing to the serious damage wrought by the hard maple borer, a deadly pest to this tree, which has already killed many. We must not lose our beautiful elms and other varieties of shade and ornamental trees.



## Review of 1942

Equipped Civilian Defense Control Center, and completed organization of city departments as integral parts of Civilian Defense Corps.

Invested \$21,500 surplus cash in United States War Bonds, replacing trust funds formerly used by city.

Invested \$25,000 cemetery trust funds in United States War Bonds.

Installed Police Radio in transmitting station, police headquarters and four police automobiles.

Appointed a full time Juvenile Officer.

Appointed an Inspector of Eating and Drinking Places.

Built new reinforced concrete Retaining Wall in Davenport Park.

Built a new reinforced concrete bridge on Finson Road.

Installed new Drag Line Bucket gravel loading equipment.

Passed ordinances Establishing Bus Stations; Regulating Storage of Flammable Liquids; Prohibiting Fireworks; Providing for Appointment of Provisional Police; Creating the Office of Police Woman; and Establishing Taxi Stands.



## DEPARTMENTAL REPORTS



### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

#### Streets and Highways

Construction work on highways under the State Aid and Third Class Plans was discontinued last year as no appropriations were forthcoming from the State. The City did, however, carry out a construction program financed entirely by City funds. This program consisted of the reconstruction of a section of Garland Street for a distance of 1200 feet by excavating the old clay, backfilling same with base gravel and fine gravel, applying two applications of tar, installing new granite curbs and grading, loaming and seeding the area between sidewalk and curb; on Fourteenth Street for a distance of 1400 feet easterly from Hammond Street the clay base was excavated and filled with gravel, a new section of sewer was laid, two new catch basins built and several rebuilt; a section of Spring Street was excavated and back-filled with gravel; Eddyway Street was excavated and the roadway heavily graveled and tarred; Hannibal Street was accepted by the City Council as a City street and graveled.

In addition to this construction work performed by the city, the Federal Government rebuilt a section of Union Street from Fourteenth Street to Westland Avenue, that road having been classified as an access road to the Airport. Improvement was also made on Hammond Street from Norway Road to the entrance of the Air Base by

widening the roadway on each side an additional 6 to 10 feet, building a new sidewalk and installing new granite curbs. This work was financed by the Federal Government and carried out under the supervision of the State Highway Commission.

Due to the Federal Government restrictions, the city was unable to obtain the usual supply of tar for surface treating streets with the result that a great deal of patching work had to be done and any section of a street in sufficiently good condition to go through the season was left untreated. Normally the city uses about 350,000 gallons of tar and asphalt but last year only about 160,000 gallons were available. For covering the tar we used 3,867 yards of sand and peastone.



## Bridges

A new reinforced concrete bridge with 25 feet width between curbs was built on the Finson Road to replace an old wood bridge that had become dangerous. The new bridge was designed in the Public Works office so as to utilize the reinforcing steel on hand.

A new 32 foot span King Post Truss bridge was built on the gravel pit road to replace an old structure that had become dangerous to heavy traffic.

The Maxfield Bridge, one of the two old type covered wooden bridges left in this vicinity, was entirely repaired by having the old slate shingles removed from the roof, new board covering put on



where necessary, the roof covered with new asphalt shingles, all the old plank flooring removed, several new floor beams replaced and the old floor covered with two layers of new 3 inch plank.

The Morse Bridge, which is the second covered wood bridge here, was also entirely repaired. Sufficient slate was salvaged from the Maxfield Bridge to patch the roof, and the floor of this bridge renewed to the same extent as the Maxfield Bridge.

### Sidewalks

A beginning was made the past year in replacing some of the old broken and uneven brick and bituminous sidewalks with cement-concrete sidewalks in the business area. A total of 990 linear feet amounting to 1105 square yards of this type of new sidewalks were built on Hammond Street, Columbia Street and State Street. New granite curbs were placed on the first two of these streets and Columbia Street was widened approximately two and a half feet.

A comprehensive sidewalk program in residential areas had been planned for the year but due to federal restrictions prohibiting the use of asphalt products for municipal work, the program had to be abandoned.

### Sewers





An important beginning was made in correcting some of the bottle-necks existing in several of our trunk sewers which caused overflows in heavy rainstorms in the spring of the year before the frost is out of the ground. A section of the City Farm sewer, 384 feet in length, was built with concrete pipe, 54 inches in diameter.

A new 15 inch concrete sewer, 394 feet in length was built on Larkin Street and 143 feet of 10 inch and 203 feet of 8 inch piped sewers were laid on Sanford Street.

Under our maintenance program, 12 catch basins were rebuilt, one manhole rebuilt, 13 sewers repaired and 1,238 catch basins cleaned.

### Snow and Ice Removal



During the year 1942 we had a total of 21 snowstorms varying from  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch to 12 inches and depositing 80 inches of snow. Since none of the storms was very severe no great difficulty was experienced in handling the snow. Due, however, to considerable rain followed immediately by freezing throughout the winter, an intensive sanding program was found necessary, a total of 2,431 cubic yards being used in addition to 219 cubic yards of cinders. Last year plain salt was used on the hilly section of streets leading from the business area with satisfactory results. Also salt was mixed with the sand in the proportion of about one bag of salt to one cubic yard of sand, a total of 1,565 bags of salt being used during the season.

### Maintenance

Due to the large amount of sand used on the sidewalks and streets it is necessary to flush and sweep practically every street and sidewalk in the spring of the year before the surface treatment pro-

gram begins. Throughout the summer patching crews are kept at work patching the streets, which work was greatly increased last year due to the lack of tar for surface treatment. On gravel roads calcium chloride is used to keep down the dust, a total of 527 bags being used for this purpose. Culverts were installed under roads in the rural areas and bushes cut from the sides of a number of rural roads. Joints in the concrete pavements were sealed to prevent water penetration. For this work we used 3,775 gallons of emulsified asphalt. In the fall of the year snow fence is erected to prevent drifting into the roads, a total of 44,800 linear feet was taken down and stored during the summer and again erected in the fall in the various locations required. For the whole program on maintenance and other work, 32,098 cubic yards of gravel were hauled from the gravel pit during the season.

### Parks Division



The usual work of park maintenance was performed last year, such as trimming and caring for shrubs, fertilizing grass areas, cutting and trimming grass, and raking and removing leaves and rubbish. New shrubs were set out where necessary to replace dead or destroyed shrubbery. Flowering plants of several varieties were set out at Grotto Cascade Park and on the Auditorium grounds. A new concrete retaining wall was built at Davenport Park and the necessary filling, grading, loaming, seeding and sodding completed.



## Forestry Division



The program of controlling insect infestation in the shade trees of the City is becoming acute and almost constant effort is necessary to effect control. The Gypsy Moth is the most serious pest and the control work begins in the winter by applying a solution to the cocoons. Last year 7,785 of these were treated and destroyed. During the summer intensive spraying is also necessary and last year 1,286 trees were sprayed. In addition to this work, it is necessary to



keep a close watch over the trees and remove all that seem to have become dangerous because of decay as well as to trim the trees and remove dead limbs. Last season 1,583 trees were attended to. Also where injuries occur to trees by trucks or other vehicles, tree surgery is performed. We have begun a program of setting out new trees where old trees have been removed. Last year 46 new trees were set out on several streets.

### Miscellaneous Activities

In addition to the regular work of the several divisions of the Public Works Department, a number of miscellaneous jobs are performed, such as the following: there were last year a number of unsightly dumps on private property which this department covered over with earth, hauling and spreading a total of 2,040 cubic yards for this purpose; the old storehouse on Second Street was torn down and the whole lot filled in and graded to provide a playground; a small triangular park was built at the junction of Kenduskeag Avenue and Montgomery Street; new two-way street signs were placed at all street intersections from Seventh Street westerly through the Fairmount Section; a new concrete retaining wall was built at the Larkin Street School and the school yard regraded; a total of 6,832 bags were filled with sand and placed as barricades at the various schools and at the library, and an additional 1,832 cubic yards delivered to homes in order to comply with Civilian Defense precautionary regulations; the control room for Civilian Defense, including the making of a large area map, building tables, etc., was equipped and made ready for Civilian Defense; an old reservoir on Third Street which had collapsed was cleaned out, a new timber top designed and built and the area filled in and graded; the crushing plant at the gravel pit was moved to a new location, new storage bins built and an electrically operated dragline installed to move gravel from the pit to the crushing plant; trucks and personnel from the department participated in all the scrap drives put on by the several agencies during the year.

The personnel of this department consists of approximately 80 men during the summer and 60 during the winter in all divisions, as follows: administrative, 4, including the city engineer; highway division, 45, including a superintendent; sewer division, 12, including a sanitary engineer; park division, 16, (summer only); and mechanical division, 3.

## RECREATION



The playgrounds at Bass Park, Broadway Park, Chapin Park, Fairmount School and James W. Williams Playground were opened at the beginning of the school vacation period and kept open and functioning until the beginning of the fall school term. A new playground on Second Street was made ready and used for limited activities.

At Bass Park facilities consist of a wading pool, shower bath, basketball courts, tennis courts, baseball and softball diamonds, a football field and track. At Broadway Park are a wading pool, sand boxes and swings, and here also badminton, croquet and other games are taught and played, as well as softball, baseball and football. Because Chapin Park is pretty well covered with trees, shrubs and flower beds, recreation is limited to the wading pool, play with inflated balls, and such activities as the flag salute, group singing, folk dances, story telling, and first aid classes which are also included in the programs at the other playgrounds. Fairmount School has teeters and other children's equipment, team games, arts and crafts, and the other usual activities were engaged in. James W. Williams Playground is one of the city's best equipped, having a wading pool, tennis courts, basketball court, baseball field, horseshoe courts, swings, slides, etc., all of which were used extensively throughout the season.

In addition to the outdoor recreation program during the summer months, an indoor recreation and arts and crafts project was set up the previous year under the sponsorship of the Work Projects Administration, and, except for the school vacation period, was carried on for the whole year up to December 19, when, along with all other W. P. A. projects, it was closed.

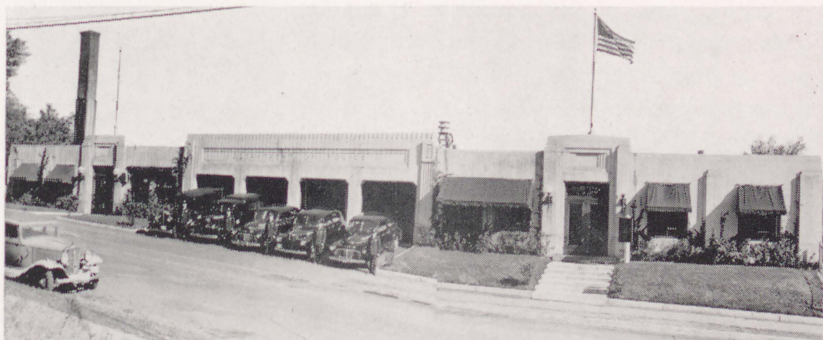
For this project, the Pond Street and Elm Street school buildings were equipped and used. The recreational program consisted of badminton, volley ball, table tennis, dancing, socials, etc., and the arts and crafts consisted of sewing, bead work, water color painting, clay modeling, drawing, airplane model designing, radio broadcasting and music. This was a very worth while project, and its loss has undoubtedly been one of the factors contributing to the increase in juvenile delinquency.

In all, one supervisor and 22 instructors were employed on the outdoor project, and 15 on the indoor.

Approximately 2,500 children were registered for the indoor project, with about 400 attending the evening classes and dances—all the buildings could accommodate—and 150 attended the arts and crafts classes in the afternoon. 3,500 were registered at the outdoor playgrounds, with an average daily attendance of 1,800.



## POLICE DEPARTMENT



The regular establishment of the police department consists of forty-four officers, and is made up as follows: the chief, 3 captains, 3 inspectors, 4 sergeants and 33 patrolmen. For the period of the war, provisional police have been authorized to replace, temporarily, those regular officers who are serving in the armed forces.

For the purposes of efficient operation, this department is made up of six divisions, namely: the administrative division, chief and one secretary; patrol division, 3 captains, 3 sergeants and 31 patrolmen; detective division, 2 inspectors; safety division, 1 inspector; identification division, 1 sergeant; and the juvenile division, 1 special officer.

The business district of this city is divided into seven beats, to which foot patrolmen are assigned regularly. A Gamewell call box is installed on each beat, through which the officer contacts the police station hourly, and through which headquarters contacts the officer when necessary. The residential and rural sections of the city are policed by radio equipped cars.

This department is equipped with a motorized division of two combination ambulance and patrol cars and three coaches, all of which have radios with the exception of one of the former.

To enforce the law the chief depends largely on the patrol division, which is divided into three classes. One class operates from 7:50 A. M. to 4:50 P. M. daily, and has one captain, one sergeant, and thirteen patrolmen. The first night class, 4:50 P. M. to 12:20 A. M., consists of one captain, one sergeant and eight patrolmen. The second night class has one captain, one sergeant and eight patrolmen, and its hours are from 12:20 A. M. to 7:50 A. M.

The captain has direct supervision of the men under him, and is responsible to the chief for the proper functioning of the department. The regular post of the captain is at headquarters, but he makes frequent tours of inspection throughout the entire city, checking the officers on their respective beats. He is provided with a radio equipped car, and is constantly in direct communication with the police station.

Each class has been assigned a sergeant, whose duties are to supervise the patrolmen on their respective posts, and to answer complaints which are radioed to him from police headquarters.

The patrolman, in order to perform his duty successfully, must cover his beat in a designated time, eye suspicious persons and places, make arrests when necessary, enforce observance of a multitude of regulatory ordinances, report accidents, guide citizen and stranger, follow special orders, and, assisted by firemen and school boy patrol, supervise twelve school crossings four times daily.

The detective division is small in personnel, but vastly important to the effective functioning of the department. It consists of one day inspector and one night inspector who are responsible for all investigations and police work calling for special assignments outside the uniform division.

One of the essential units of the department is the safety division, which is supervised by a safety inspector. All violators of traffic ordinances and state motor vehicle laws are handled through this division, and in the year 1942, 598 convictions were obtained for violations of these laws and ordinances. The safety inspector has charge of all directional signs, street painting and traffic equipment, and safety programs are given in all of the city's schools and in various organizations.

The juvenile division, one of the most difficult legal divisions, is supervised by one special officer assigned wholly to juvenile delinquency. 270 cases were investigated in this department in 1942, and each youthful offender is guided by the juvenile officer in the working out of his rehabilitation to prevent his developing into an adult criminal.

The Bureau of Identification, which was set up in this department in 1936, has proved to be a most essential unit, and a sergeant of police is in charge. He fingerprints and photographs all persons arrested by the department. Copies are sent to the Maine State Police at Augusta, and to the F. B. I. at Washington, D. C. During the national



emergency, 1,830 fingerprints have been taken for national defense and 717 for civil file applicants, etc. There are numerous other duties connected with this office and the officer in charge devotes his entire time to this bureau.

The Bangor Police Department, made up of these separate divisions all coordinated into one complete unit, has made 3,668 arrests and disposed of same by court action during the year. Stolen property to the value of \$31,783, out of a total of \$36,121 stolen, was recovered and returned to owners; 414 business places were found open and secured, and safes found open, night lights found to be put out and bank alarms reported and responded to. The patrol service made a total of 18,121 trips, including 267 for transportation to hospitals, and 267 fire alarms were answered.

This department cooperates with other city departments in such matters as reporting street and highway hazards, broken and fallen trees, broken water mains, street lights out, taking an ambulance and controlling traffic at all fires, and serving notices for other administrative departments, all of which are of significance to citizens and public officials.

In addition to this department, there is a Civilian Defense auxiliary police unit of approximately 150 men, who have been thoroughly trained in the duties of police officers, as well as first aid, and are qualified and ready to assist the regular police in any emergency. These men are from all walks of life, and cannot be commended too highly for their loyalty, and the giving of their time and ability to weld together such an efficient group to assist in emergencies.



FIRE DEPARTMENT



The establishment of the fire department personnel and equipment is made up as follows:

Personnel	Equipment
1 Chief	1 Aerial Ladder Truck
2 Assistant Chiefs	3 Ladder Trucks
5 Captains	6 Pumpers
1 Master Mechanic	1 Emergency Truck
5 Lieutenants	1 Utility Truck
44 Privates	1 Chief's Car
<hr/> Total 58	<hr/> Total 13

For the necessary distribution of personnel and equipment, there are three fire stations, namely central station, station 5 and station 6. Central station is also the administrative headquarters of the department, and the establishment there consists of the chief, 1 assistant chief, 3 captains, 1 master mechanic, 3 lieutenants and 31 privates. The equipment at this station consists of the aerial ladder truck, 1 ladder truck, 4 pumpers, 1 emergency truck, 1 utility truck and the chief's car. At station 5, there are 1 assistant chief, 1 captain, 1 lieutenant and 9 privates. The equipment consists of 1 ladder truck and one pumper. At station 6, there are 1 captain, 1 lieutenant and 4 privates; equipment 1 ladder truck and 1 pumper.

This department operates on the 2 days on duty and 1 day off duty system. That is, all members, except the chief, are on duty 48 hours continuously, and off duty the following 24 hours. Every second period off duty, all members must remain in the city and respond to two alarm calls.

The fire alarm and warning system consists of 118 fire alarm boxes with 50 on the east side of Kenduskeag Stream and 68 on the west side. These are operated by electric power, all connected by a two wire electric circuit, and hooked up to the electric sub-station. Located at the sub-station also is a tapper mechanism connected by wire to each fireman's home, so that when an alarm is rung in from a fire alarm box it rings automatically in these homes and the firemen off duty and at home are notified. Also, in each of the three fire stations, there is a tape recording mechanism which records the number of the box rung in when men and equipment respond from the station designated to cover single alarms in that area. The emergency truck from central station and an ambulance from the police station respond to all box alarms. All stations respond to double alarms. A telephone switchboard is located in central station where operators are on duty continuously. Telephone communication with the other stations is maintained through this switchboard only so that the dispatch of equipment from the other stations as designated by telephone calls, is controlled from central station. Out of a total of 675 alarms last year, 500 came in by telephone.

Outside sirens are located at the corner of Union and Main, Hammond and Main, State and Exchange, Central and Harlow, and Exchange and Washington Streets. When fire equipment responds to an alarm west of Union Street, only the siren at the corner of Union and Main Streets sounds; similarly when equipment responds to an alarm out State Street, the sirens at the corners of Hammond and Main, State and Exchange and Central and Harlow sound one long blast; for a fire out Harlow Street the above sirens sound one long and one short blast; and for a fire out Washington Street the siren at the corner of Exchange and Washington Streets sounds one long blast, all others being silent. Five short blasts on the sirens at the corners of State and Exchange, and Hammond and Main Streets, warn that fire equipment is coming down State Street. All sirens are controlled from central station, and indicate the route to be traversed by fire equipment, as well as to warn police officers, operators of motor vehicles and pedestrians.

During the year this department answered a total of 675 alarms. The four year average is 703. Of the actual fires, 487 were in wood buildings, 47 in brick buildings, and 47 in automobiles. There were also 16 grass fires and 36 false alarms. Out of the total only 3 were classed as serious fires, in 13 others there was considerable damage, 213 slight damage, and 446 no damage. There were 18.1 building fires per 1,000 population and 67.8 per 1,000 buildings. The chief cause of house fires is dirty chimneys, which were responsible for 367 or 54 per cent of all chimney, partition and roof fires during the year.

A continuous inspection of establishments in the business area was carried on throughout the year, as well as the semi-annual inspection of the residential areas. In these inspections, oil installations, schools, hospitals, theaters, hotels, dance halls and other places of public assembly were included.

Civilian defense training activities have been continued throughout the year with our own auxiliary firemen, as well as in other cities and towns where several of our ranking officers have conducted schools. Our officers have also attended schools for instructors, in order to keep up to date with changing methods.



## PUBLIC WELFARE DEPARTMENT



The personnel of this department consists of the secretary of the overseers of poor (an old statutory title), one case work supervisor, one chief clerk, one junior clerk, and one interviewer in the city hall offices.

City public welfare work today is so interlocked with the work of the Bangor Family Welfare Society, Maine Employment Service, Bureau of Social Welfare, Old Age Assistance, State Children and Aid to Dependent Children divisions of the State Department of Health and Welfare, that the old concept of pauper assistance applies only in limited degree.

Under the state laws "Towns shall relieve persons . . . when, on account of poverty, they need relief." When an applicant presents himself for relief, he is interviewed, and, if accepted as a city responsibility, the size of his family is ascertained for budgeting purposes, an affidavit secured to determine settlement, and other essential information secured and recorded. From then on, the case work supervisor maintains supervision in order to insure adequate assistance while safeguarding the expenditure of public funds.

While the relief cost has dropped twenty-two per cent since 1935, there are still many who, for various reasons, are not self-supporting, and never will be, however good economic conditions may be. Last year eighty new cases were accepted for short or continuing periods.

Bangor has 143 children committed to the custody of the state, and 210 children are recipients of aid to dependent children. These cost the city more than \$22,000 last year.

Assistance given in 1942

	Families	Persons in Families	Single Persons	Total Persons
Resident with Bangor settlement	146	708	40	748
Undetermined settlement .....	6	30	1	31
Bangor cases resident elsewhere	15	69	11	80
Resident elsewhere with Bangor settlement .....	37	160	10	170
State cases resident in Bangor....	29	136	67	203
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Totals .....	233	1,103	129	1,232

At the city almshouse, hospital and farm, a superintendent and matron are in charge, with a paid staff of 9 maids, cooks, etc. in the almshouse, 5 nurses and 1 maid in the hospital, and 3 farm employees.





The almshouse is a permanent home for old and unemployable people as well as a temporary home for convalescents and others. There have been here approximately 30 inmates on the average during the year, with 120 admitted and 116 discharged.

The hospital is maintained for the treatment and care of the sick and invalid poor. The average number of patients has been 18 during the year, with 109 admitted and 114 discharged.

The farm is maintained for the purpose of providing milk, butter, eggs, meat, vegetables and fruit to these institutions. Last year 100 tons hay, 650 bushels oats, 500 bushels mangel beets and 45 tons of silage were raised for feeding the livestock, and 300 bushels potatoes, 50 bushels turnips, 40 bushels parsnips, 40 bushels carrots, 4 tons cabbages, 2 tons squash, 1 ton pumpkins, 20 bushels table beets, 11 bushels cucumbers, 43 bushels green peas, 35 bushels string beans, 20 bushels beet greens, 250 dozen ears sweet corn, 50 bushels tomatoes and 60 quarts shell beans, and 130 bushels apples, were raised and used in the almshouse and hospital. 125 hens and 11 cows produced 1,907 dozen eggs and 101,690 lbs. whole milk for use also, and 629 lbs. veal, 3,098 lbs. pork, 1,097 lbs. beef, 307 lbs. fowl and 593 lbs. chicken were produced on the farm and used for food.

## ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT

The personnel of this department includes the city electrician, a secretary, an inspector, a line foreman, two linemen, and three station men.

The city electrician is responsible for the distribution of electrical energy for all municipal services, including street lighting, lighting of city-owned buildings, fire alarm maintenance, police signal maintenance, and inspection of all electric installations.

The water department generates electricity for municipal purposes at its generating plant. As the load is often greater than the output, additional power is purchased from the Bangor Hydro-Electric Company through meter installations at the York Street sub-station which is the distribution control center.

During the year 1942, municipal buildings used 729,345 kilowatt hours and street lighting and the other services used 1,719,441 kilowatt hours, at a net cost to the department of \$9,337.00.

Considerable new work was done on the fire alarm system, and particularly new installations required in connection with Civilian Defense, as well as installation of 17 new tapper alarms at firemen's homes.

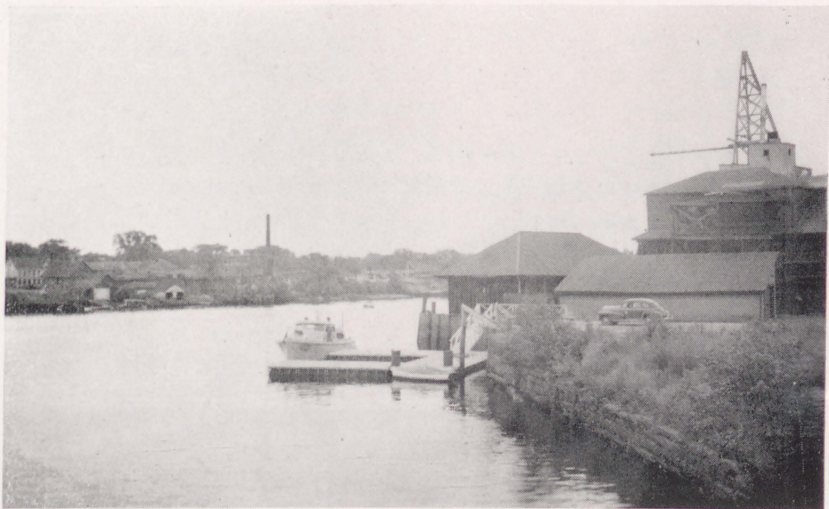
The police signal system was extended to include the air raid sirens in the different sections of the city, and required the installation of 24,000 feet of new wire from the sirens to the control center at the police station. Wires were also installed from the police radio transmitter to the central police station.

The line division of this department replaced 1,924 lights during the year, and responded to 1,756 complaints. A new 3-phase primary line was run from Kenduskeag Avenue to the N. Y. A. School on Bower Street, and a new line 1,000 feet in length was installed for the rock crushers, which were moved to a new location.

The inspection division inspected and issued 226 permits to do electrical wiring. The Bangor Hydro-Electric Company had 126 permits for installations requiring a meter, and other contractors 100 permits for work not requiring a meter.



## HARBOR MASTER



The harbor master has the care of the port of Bangor and the regulation of shipping therein.

He keeps a record of all ships arriving or departing, the names of the masters, the tonnage of the ships, their ports of departure or destination, the cargoes of exports, imports, etc.

During the year, 164 ships, including 16 foreign, of different classes entered and cleared, and 12 yachts were moored in the harbor during the summer.

The chief imports were oils, tar, coal and pulpwood. Exports included 1,500 tons of scrap metal.

The port was opened for navigation March 14th and closed December 16th, thus being open 277 days.

## CITY CLERK

The city clerk is the official clerk to the city council, and keeps a record of all ordinances, orders, resolves, petitions, etc., acted upon by the council.

He is responsible for issuing to ward officers all ballots and papers for elections, and for election returns.

He records notes, chattel mortgages, purchase agreements, conditional sales contracts, and attachments.

He issues all licenses such as marriage, bicycle, taxicab and taxi drivers, dancing, victuallers, junk, gasoline storage, hunting and fishing, dog licenses, etc., and records all vital statistics.

During the past year the city council held 28 regular and 4 special meetings, at which 17 ordinances, 109 orders and 6 resolves were passed.

Three elections were held during the year, namely, the June primaries, the September election for the election of a U. S. senator, governor, state representatives and county officers, and the December election for the election of the city councilors and a trustee of the bridge district.

The city clerk issued 528 marriage licenses, 5,504 resident hunting and fishing licenses, 230 non-resident hunting and fishing licenses, 1,690 dog licenses, 474 bicycle licenses, 54 taxicab and 176 taxi drivers' licenses in the year 1942.

The staff of this office includes the city clerk, deputy city clerk and an assistant clerk.



## TREASURER AND COLLECTOR

The duties of the office of city treasurer and collector of taxes consist of the collection of all taxes assessed by the city on real estate, polls and personal property, also motor excise tax, accounts receivable and tax deeds. The money collected by the city clerk for fees and by the water department for water rates are all turned over to the treasurer's office for accounting and deposit. A detail cash report is issued by the city treasurer to the city auditor each month of all cash received.

The treasurer's office issues all checks and pays all bills of the city on warrants properly signed by the city manager and finance committee. It maintains a checking account in each of the commercial banks of the city, all of which are balanced every week. All city employees are paid from this office, deductions for war bonds, insurance and victory tax are made and records kept.

All tax deeds are kept by the city treasurer, and upon payment, a proper release deed is issued.

The city treasurer is custodian of all trust funds of the city; also of all rentable city property except school property.

During the year 1942, this office issued 7,414 motor excise tax receipts, 15,071 receipts for property and poll taxes, and approximately 30,000 checks in payment of bills and payrolls.

The office staff consists of four employees and the treasurer and collector.

## PURCHASING DEPARTMENT

The purchasing agent is responsible for the purchase of all supplies for the city except educational supplies for the schools. In addition to the purchasing agent, the department employs one clerk.

The procedure followed in purchasing is that each department head issues a requisition to the purchasing agent for the supplies required. The purchasing agent then issues a purchase order to a vendor, these orders being in quadruplicate. One copy of each goes to the vendor, two copies are returned to the department making the requisition, and the fourth is held by the purchasing agent as his copy. When the materials are received, one of the copies of the purchase order sent to the department making the requisition is receipted and returned to the purchasing agent, as a certificate of materials received. The invoice, when received, is checked against the purchase order and all discounts and tax exemptions to which the city is entitled are deducted. This method is a complete follow through for the whole transaction.

A city ordinance stipulates the procedure for purchases according to the amount of money involved. When a purchase amounts to \$500 or more, competitive bids must be secured by public notice being posted on the bulletin board for five days, as well as a notice inserted in a local newspaper. When bids are received accordingly, they are opened by the purchasing agent in the presence of the city manager and a member of the proper council committee; then awards are made by the purchasing agent with written approval of the finance committee, to the lowest and best bidder, price, quality and service considered. If purchases are for \$200 or more, competitive bids are solicited by public notice posted on the bulletin board in the purchasing agent's office for three days before the date of purchase, and by the soliciting of other bids by the purchasing agent in any manner that he may deem proper. All purchases of \$100 or more must have the written approval of the city manager and all requisitions by department heads must have been approved by him, also. For purchases involving smaller amounts, competitive prices are secured and purchases made with as wide a local distribution as possible, always considering the price and quality of the article.

The purchasing agent conducts the sale of municipal property under certain regulations prescribed by ordinance.



During the year of 1942, a total of 3,574 requisitions were received by the purchasing agent from 22 departments or divisions, and 7,765 purchase orders issued, or approximately 25 per day for each week day of the year. The total value of purchases made amounted to \$229,503, from 321 different companies.

The work of this department has been greatly increased due to the necessity for obtaining priorities on all critical materials, and filing accordingly; to the regulations governing rationed articles, including gasoline and tires for all city owned motor vehicles, kerosene and fuel oil for the Public Works and Water Departments, and sugar and coffee for the City Almshouse and hospital; the custody of ration coupons, priority certificates, and the filing of all tax exemption certificates applicable to the city.

## AUDITING DEPARTMENT

The city auditor's duties are to examine, check, prepare vouchers and warrants, and pass for payment by the city treasurer all invoices and payrolls. To see that all vouchers are signed by department heads and all warrants countersigned by the city manager and a member of the city council as required by the city charter. To furnish to the city manager each month a report containing in detail the receipts and disbursements in all accounts, and a balance sheet showing the current financial condition of the city. To prepare and have published each month a financial statement, and to prepare the annual financial report of the city.

During the past year approximately 20,000 invoices and payroll vouchers, or about 64 per day on the average, were examined and passed for payment and entered against the proper journal and ledger accounts, which number approximates 200. There were also 315 inter-departmental transfers and 682 items in accounts receivable posted to journal control accounts and classification register. All tax receipts were checked with treasurer's cash, bank balances checked and verified, warrants reconciled each week, and petty cash verified each month.

In addition to this regular work, many reports were compiled and submitted to federal and state government agencies and financial service institutions during the past year.

The personnel of this department consists of the city auditor and one chief clerk.



## CITY SOLICITOR

The city solicitor is the legal adviser to the city council and administrative officers.

He is responsible for drafting all bonds, deeds and other instruments required by the city; he defends all actions and suits against the city, and similarly, prosecutes all such for the city.

During the past year, the city solicitor has continued the work of the former year in bringing suits and collecting old taxes and tax deeds. Of the total number handed over to him by the treasurer and collector, approximately 83 per cent have been collected or the property represented acquired by the city.

Many interpretations of the law have been required by the assessors, welfare and other departments.

## BUILDING INSPECTOR

The duties of the building inspector are to inspect all buildings in the course of erection, alteration or repair, and to see that the building ordinances of the city and the laws of the State are complied with. No building shall be erected, altered or moved without a permit being issued by the building inspector upon application.

The city council issues all such permits within the fire district.

During the past year, permits were issued for 12 dwellings, 19 private garages, 1 shop and 2 sheds, having an aggregate estimated cost of \$26,285.00, and 57 permits for additions and alterations, having an estimated cost of \$50,635.00.



ASSESSORS' REPORT

City of Bangor—1942

Resident Real Estate.....	\$20,684,334.00	
Non-Resident Real Estate.....	2,717,135.00	
		<hr/>
Total Resident and Non-Res. Real Estate.....		\$23,401,469.00
Resident Personal Estate.....	\$ 4,451,549.00	
Non-Resident Personal Estate.....	1,021,274.00	
		<hr/>
Total Resident and Non-Res. Personal Estate.....		5,472,823.00
		<hr/>
Total Res. & Non-Res. Real & Personal Estate....		\$28,874,292.00

VALUATION: \$28,874,292.00 @ \$4.74..... \$ 1,368,641.44

Total Polls	7,843	
Exemptions	166	
	<hr/>	
	7,677 @ \$3.00.....	23,031.00
		<hr/>
Total .....		1,391,672.44
State, County and City Tax.....		1,378,478.79
		<hr/>
Overlaysings .....		\$ 13,193.65

TOTAL TAX COMMITTED: \$1,391,672.44

1.60 (Due to fractions)

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\$1,391,674.04

State Tax.....	\$ 215,269.47
County Tax.....	52,238.32
City Tax.....	1,110,971.00
Overlaysings .....	13,193.65



## AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Balance Sheet as of December 31, 1942

#### ASSETS

Cash .....	\$262,607.86
Special Cemetery Trustees' Account Cash.....	278.44
Taxes 1942 unpaid.....	61,881.15
Taxes prior to 1942 unpaid.....	11,195.82
Tax Titles unpaid.....	67,416.32
Accounts Receivable unpaid.....	13,463.95
Notes Receivable.....	6,600.00
Sinking Fund—Water.....	20,976.14
Emergency Fund and Deferred Expenses—Water.....	176,742.62
Trust Funds—Cash and Bonds.....	77,409.69
Deferred Expenses—Municipal.....	47,559.84
Net City Debt.....	749,441.64
<hr/>	
Total Assets.....	\$1,495,573.47

#### LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable.....	\$92,814.40
Special Cemetery Trustees' Account.....	278.44
Bonded Indebtedness.....	995,000.00
Deferred Credits.....	6,830.34
Trust Funds Invested.....	77,409.69
Trust Funds Used by City.....	229,918.22
Reserves .....	93,322.38
<hr/>	
Total Liabilities.....	\$1,495,573.47

## Income Other Than Taxation

	<i>Estimated Revenue 1942</i>	<i>Revenue Earned 1942</i>
Railroad and Telegraph Tax.....	\$23,000.00	\$22,408.63
State Bank Stock Tax.....	14,500.00	16,899.13
Auto Excise Tax.....	50,000.00	53,947.13
City Clerk's Office Fees .....	8,000.00	8,152.45
Plumbing Inspector's Fees.....	500.00	375.00
Library Income from State.....	200.00	200.00
Public Service Franchise.....	2,000.00	2,377.47
City Hall Rental.....	1,000.00	1,248.16
Police Department—Court Fees.....	5,000.00	5,920.23
Fire Department—Sundry.....	450.00	100.00
Public Works—Sewers, Sundry.....	100.00	106.94
Charities .....	16,000.00	18,133.31
Education—State School Fund.....	42,437.00	40,941.53
Education—Tuition and Heat.....	11,000.00	11,342.77
Water Department.....	158,000.00	157,226.76
Cemeteries—Sale of Lots.....	200.00	163.50
Interest on Taxes.....	7,500.00	7,663.73
Supplemental Taxes.....	1,500.00	1,346.31
Other Revenue—Unclassified.....	3,000.00	6,188.60
Liquor Licenses.....	100.00	195.92
Zoning Appeals.....	100.00	12.50
Municipal Court Rental.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
U. S. Housing Project.....	4,000.00	1,512.17
Totals .....	<hr/> \$349,587.00	<hr/> \$357,462.24



## Operating Accounts

	<i>Appropriations</i> 1942	<i>Expenditures</i> 1942
<b>GENERAL GOVERNMENT:</b>		
<b>Executive Department:</b>		
2a Salaries .....	\$ 7,456.00	\$ 7,460.67
2b General Expenses.....	300.00	331.20
<b>Auditor and Auditing:</b>		
3a Salaries .....	3,744.00	3,756.00
3b General Expenses.....	346.00	286.14
<b>Treasurer and Collector:</b>		
4a Salaries .....	8,456.00	8,455.83
4b General Expenses.....	2,054.00	1,875.50
<b>Assessors:</b>		
5a Salaries .....	8,944.00	8,970.84
5b General Expenses.....	1,356.00	1,228.63
<b>Law:</b>		
6a Salary .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
6b General Expenses.....	150.00	67.46
<b>City Clerk:</b>		
7a Salaries .....	5,363.00	5,347.50
7b General Expenses.....	797.00	1,053.70
7c Liquor Licenses.....	100.00	189.58
7d Zoning Account.....	100.00	11.29
<b>Purchasing Agent:</b>		
8a Salaries .....	3,600.00	3,599.83
8b General Expenses.....	200.00	165.65
8c Advertising .....	90.00	43.62
<b>Civil Service Commission:</b>		
9b General Expenses.....	100.00	160.70
<b>Inspector of Buildings:</b>		
10a Salary .....	500.00	500.00
<b>Registration:</b>		
11a Salaries .....	1,900.00	2,281.00
11b General Expenses.....	612.00	501.61
<b>Elections:</b>		
11c Salaries .....	1,080.00	1,072.50
11d General Expenses.....	290.00	296.30

	Appropriations 1942	Expenditures 1942
<b>City Hall:</b>		
12a Salaries .....	5,426.00	5,652.33
12b Repairs, Supplies.....	2,490.00	2,608.20
12c Fuel, Light, Water.....	2,424.00	2,207.80
12d Insurance .....	470.00	278.01
<b>Attendance Officer:</b>		
13a Salary .....	700.00	700.00
<b>Auditorium:</b>		
14a Salary .....	390.00	100.54
14b Repairs .....	120.00	120.00
14c Fuel and Light.....	370.00	3.49
14d Insurance .....	75.00	9.93
Total General Government.....	\$62,503.00	\$61,835.85

## PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY:

### Police Department:

15 Salaries and Wages.....	\$85,070.00	\$84,183.86
16 Janitor's Salary .....	1,300.00	1,304.17
17 Auto Maintenance .....	7,255.00	4,655.90
18 Equipment and Repairs.....	1,435.00	1,745.99
19 Traffic Signs, etc. ....	1,760.00	1,186.23
19a Traffic Lights .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
20 Other Expenses .....	1,855.00	2,420.22
23 Medical Attendance.....	700.00	700.00
24 Identification Bureau.....	870.00	794.91
24a Compensation Insurance.....	1,050.00	1,076.38

### Fire Department:

25 Salaries and Wages.....	102,912.00	101,861.02
26 Water .....	13,380.00	13,379.60
27 Fuel and Light.....	2,403.00	2,562.29
28 Auto Maintenance.....	3,050.00	2,240.15
29 Equipment and Repairs.....	2,725.00	2,668.45
29a Hose .....	2,000.00	1,764.00
30 Other Expenses.....	2,400.00	2,144.95
30d Insurance .....	39.00	41.75
32 Compensation Insurance.....	800.00	630.24

### Other Protection of Persons and Property:

39 Dog Officer.....	250.00	112.00
Total Protection of Persons and Property .....	\$232,254.00	\$226,472.11



*Appropriations*  
1942

*Expenditures*  
1942

**HEALTH DEPARTMENT:**

44	Salaries .....	\$ 3,742.00	\$ 3,745.50
45	Milk Inspector.....	250.00	250.00
46	Vital Statistics.....	300.00	235.25
47	General Expenses.....	1,390.00	1,174.34
47a	Meat Inspector.....	900.00	900.00
47b	Garbage Removal.....	5,500.00	5,861.92
47c	Dental Clinic.....	600.00	670.00
47d	Contagious Diseases.....	1,000.00	72.00
48	Dumps .....	358.00	—
49	Plumbing Inspector.....	1,200.00	1,200.00
49a	Nurse .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Total Health Department.....		\$16,740.00	\$15,609.01

**PUBLIC WORKS:**

**General Administration:**

50	Salaries .....	\$11,300.00	\$11,400.00
50a	General Expenses.....	500.00	428.61

**Sanitation:**

53a	Sewer Maintenance.....	4,000.00	2,482.81
54a	Catch Basin Maintenance.....	6,300.00	6,308.93
57	Street Cleaning.....	6,000.00	7,058.74
57a	Spring and Fall Cleanup.....	4,200.00	5,175.72
58	Sewer Construction.....	10,000.00	8,667.85

**Bridges:**

59	Repairs and Maintenance.....	5,000.00	5,393.38
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**Highways:**

62	Insurance .....	3,148.00	3,349.62
63a	Yard and Shops .....	3,335.00	4,385.70
63b	Mechanical Department.....	20,470.00	18,364.28
63c	Road Maintenance.....	16,675.00	19,993.96
63g	Street Signs .....	500.00	506.49
63h	Gravel Pit Operations.....	00.00	5,765.13
63j	Asphalt Plant .....	00.00	Cr. 1,017.21
65a	R. & M. Sidewalks.....	15,000.00	15,320.51
65b	Resurfacing Streets.....	9,200.00	10,035.57
66	Snow and Ice Removal.....	15,000.00	12,807.69
67b	Tarring .....	25,000.00	20,634.56
67e	Equipment Replacement.....	9,000.00	6,515.20

**Parks:**

68a	Maintenance .....	7,500.00	7,995.78
68d	Concrete Wall Davenport Park.....	1,300.00	1,489.79

	<i>Appropriations</i> 1942	<i>Expenditures</i> 1942
<b>Forestry:</b>		
68b Maintenance .....	1,750.00	1,884.72
68c Spraying .....	1,750.00	1,927.09
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Public Works.....	\$176,928.00	\$176,874.92

**POLICE STATION AND GARAGE:**

69a Fuel .....	\$ 2,300.00	\$ 2,293.60
69b Lights .....	200.00	339.96
69c Water .....	125.00	134.89
69e Miscellaneous .....	1,500.00	702.66
69g Fireman and Janitor.....	700.00	958.22
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Police Station and Garage.....	\$ 4,825.00	\$ 4,429.33

**WPA:**

69j W. P. A. Projects.....	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 1,574.37
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**ALL CHARITIES:**

70a Salaries .....	\$ 8,260.00	\$ 7,791.19
70b Office Expenses.....	550.00	620.62
71a Almshouse } .....	18,090.00	13,811.61
71b Farm }		1,410.50
71c Hospital .....	12,506.00	11,843.28
71d Burials .....	2,400.00	1,265.00
71e Outside Hospitals.....	9,000.00	6,043.38
72 Outside Relief.....	32,000.00	26,376.77
72b Ex-Service Relief.....	4,500.00	4,065.45
72c Wood .....	8,000.00	6,664.75
73 Relief by Other Cities and Towns.....	4,500.00	4,904.79
77 City Physician.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
78 City Missionary.....	900.00	900.00
80a State Children.....	9,500.00	8,914.83
80b Municipal Board Child Welfare.....	10,000.00	14,883.02
80c State Sanatorium Aid.....	1,000.00	1,143.13
80d Sewing Project.....	2,500.00	586.16
80e Emergency—T. B. Camp.....	3,000.00	3,000.00
80f Salvation Army Transients.....	900.00	900.00
80g District Nursing Association.....	750.00	750.00
80h Travelers' Aid.....	250.00	250.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Charities.....	\$129,606.00	\$117,124.48

	<i>Appropriations 1942</i>	<i>Expenditures 1942</i>
<b>EDUCATION:</b>		
81 Schools .....	\$462,712.00	\$462,712.00
<b>LIBRARY:</b>		
98 Appropriation by City.....	\$20,276.00	\$20,276.04
99 Granted by State.....	200.00	200.00
Total Library.....	\$20,476.00	\$20,476.04
<b>RECREATION:</b>		
102 Playgrounds—Bass Park.....	\$ 4,100.00	\$ 4,408.37
102a Municipal Skating Rink.....	900.00	1,869.24
102b Recreational Centers.....	500.00	439.95
103a Band Concerts.....	1,000.00	1,075.50
Total Recreation.....	\$ 6,500.00	\$ 7,793.06
<b>UNCLASSIFIED:</b>		
104 Damages to Persons and Property.....	\$ 500.00	\$ 21.25
105 Memorial Day.....	350.00	349.88
106 Reserve .....	1,000.00	—
106b Outside Audit.....	650.00	650.00
106c Pensions .....	22,000.00	17,676.50
107 Contingent .....	5,000.00	4,712.66
109a Harbor Master.....	400.00	400.00
109b Supt. of Clocks.....	150.00	150.00
109c Sealer of Wgts. & Meas. ....	25.00	14.52
109f Annual Report.....	600.00	440.43
109g Printing, etc. ....	500.00	494.66
109h Maine Municipal League.....	300.00	300.00
110 Adv. Natural Resources.....	1,000.00	546.63
110a Civilian Defense.....	6,000.00	8,289.35
110b Fire Insurance.....	2,319.00	2,685.98
Total Unclassified.....	\$40,794.00	\$36,731.86
<b>PUBLIC SERVICE ENTERPRISES:</b>		
<b>Electric Department:</b>		
111a Salaries and Wages.....	\$18,128.00	\$17,753.49
111b Maintenance and Operation.....	18,265.00	14,934.50
<b>Water Department:</b>		
112 Maintenance and Construction.....	158,000.00	157,226.76
Total Public Service Enterprises .....	\$194,393.00	\$189,914.75



		<i>Appropriations 1942</i>	<i>Expenditures 1942</i>
<b>CEMETERIES:</b>			
115	Maintenance .....	\$ 3,805.00	\$ 3,792.14
<b>INTEREST:</b>			
120	On Temporary Loan.....	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,382.78
122	On Municipal Bonds.....	22,984.00	22,983.90
123	On Trust Funds.....	12,363.00	11,574.17
124	On Notes .....	175.00	175.00
	Total Interest.....	<u>\$36,522.00</u>	<u>\$36,115.85</u>
<b>MUNICIPAL INDEBTEDNESS:</b>			
132	Serial Bond Requirements.....	\$63,000.00	\$63,000.00
<b>NOTES:</b>			
144	Independent Street.....	\$ 7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
	Totals .....	<u>\$1,460,558.00</u>	<u>\$1,431,455.77</u>

The following shows from what sources the City receives money and what the money is expended for.

#### REVENUE

		<i>Percent</i>
Taxes and Tax Deeds.....	\$1,415,503.36	79.84
Water Department.....	157,226.76	8.88
Auto Excise Tax.....	53,947.13	3.04
State Bank Stock and Railroad and Telegraph Tax....	39,307.76	2.22
School and Library Grants.....	41,141.53	2.32
Charities .....	18,133.31	1.02
Education—Tuition and Sale of Heat.....	11,342.77	0.64
Fees, Permits, etc. ....	8,735.87	0.49
Interest on Taxes.....	7,663.73	0.43
Miscellaneous .....	9,417.52	0.53
Court Fees.....	5,920.23	0.33
Rentals .....	2,248.16	0.13
Public Service Franchise.....	2,377.47	0.13
Total .....	<u>\$1,772,965.60</u>	<u>100.00</u>

## EXPENDITURES

Education .....	\$462,712.00	27.23
State Tax.....	215,269.47	12.67
Public Works.....	176,874.92	10.45
Water Department.....	157,226.76	9.24
Fire Department.....	127,292.45	7.49
All Charities.....	118,698.85	6.98
Indebtedness .....	106,115.85	6.25
Police Department.....	99,067.66	5.83
General Government.....	61,835.85	3.64
County Tax.....	52,238.32	3.07
Unclassified .....	36,843.86	2.17
Electric Department.....	32,687.99	1.92
Library .....	20,476.04	1.20
Health .....	15,609.01	0.92
Recreation .....	7,793.06	0.46
Police Station and Garage.....	4,429.33	0.26
Cemeteries .....	3,792.14	0.22
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Total .....	\$1,698,963.56	100.00



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